

THE RECORD.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY published every Wednesday and Saturday \$2 per annum, in advance.

THE WEEKLY.

A large, eight-page paper, containing all the reading matter of the Semi-Weekly, is published every Wednesday, at \$2 per annum, in advance.

JOHN C. WISE Editor and Proprietor.

Rates of Advertising.

Table with 10 columns: Day, Length of ad, Rate per line. Includes rates for 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th days.

Business cards, five lines, \$5 per annum. Legal advertisements at the above rates.

Willard & Barney, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, MANKATO, BLUE EARTH CO., MINN.

ANDREW C. DUNN, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Winnebago City, Fairbault county, Minn.

DAVID WILCOX, JUDGE OF PROBATE, AND Attorney at Law.

DR. T. D. SIMONTON, DENTIST, Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.

WILLIAM R. McMAHAN, Physician and Surgeon, Office and residence on the corner of Second and Hickory streets.

MANKATO HOUSE, MANKATO, MINN. THIS HOUSE has been thoroughly renovated, newly painted and papered.

White & Marks, Forwarding and Commission Merchants MANKATO, MINN.

JOHN A. WILLARD, NOTARY PUBLIC, Office Front street, opposite the levee, Mankato.

Suspended Pre-emption Entries, E. ST. JULIEN COX, Attorney at Law.

ST. PETER, MINNESOTA, Enclose stamp which answer required.

Fairbanks Scales OF ALL KINDS. Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, etc.

Cabinet Furniture Rooms!

J. C. Haupt & Jacobsen, Bergthies Block, opposite the Clifton House, MANKATO, MINNESOTA.

Clifton House, MANKATO, MINNESOTA.

THE proprietor would announce to the traveling public that his house is now completed and furnished throughout in the best style.

N. WOLOBEN, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN AND MANUFACTURER OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE LATEST STYLES of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, etc., for Ladies, Gents, Misses, Boys, and Children's wear.

THE CUSTOM DEPARTMENT is under the supervision of an experienced workman, and all work made is warranted to give entire satisfaction.

For the Farmer.

H. P. CHRISTENSEN is agent for Russell & Co.'s Mangle, Ohio, and Pitts' Burialo, N. Y.

Thrashing Machines, Reapers and Mowers, Russell & Co.'s GRAIN DRILL.

Fanning Mills, Moline Plows, and a general assortment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

D. H. FYNER, HAVING INCREASED HIS STOCK, is prepared to accommodate his friends and the traveling public with

Horses, Buggies, Carriages

New Cabinet Shop, THAYER & BRO., Front Street, Mankato, next door to City Hall.

B. KOHLER, Dealer in BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER, FINDINGS, PLASTER HAIR ETC.

NEW ROUTE TO SALMON RIVER.

RAFT RIVER, WASHINGTON TERR., Aug. 11th, 1862.

EDITOR OF THE RECORD: When I left Mankato, on the 20th of last May, I promised to write you from time to time, and give the incidents and events of our journey to Salmon River, in this Territory.

W. H. S., A FORCED CONSTRUCTION.—We understand that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington has decided that printing offices are subject to a tax of \$10 each as "manufactories of newspapers."

THE RECORD.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1862.

Messrs. Mather & Abbott, No. 8 Broadway, are our authorized agents in New York city.

THE SIOUX WAR.

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The expedition camped ten miles beyond, at the farm of two bachelor brothers named Burns, who had remained at home, unmolested, during the most of the excitement.

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WILLARD, S. F. BARNEY, Willard & Barney, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, MANKATO, BLUE EARTH CO., MINN.

HAVE also made arrangements to prosecute war claims, procure bounty money, back pay, etc., for soldiers, and widows and heirs of deceased soldiers.

DANIEL BUCK, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Notary Public, and Dealer in Real Estate, MANKATO, MINN.

Office opposite the Mankato House, over the office of Dr. Clark, Mankato, Minn.

ANDREW C. DUNN, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Winnebago City, Fairbault county, Minn.

DAVID WILCOX, JUDGE OF PROBATE, MANKATO, MINN.

Attorney at Law, Office in the old bank, two doors above White & Marks' store, Mankato, sept 14.

DR. T. D. SIMONSON, DENTIST, Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.

Office rooms, Third street. Over Bond's Drug Store, near the American House, St. Paul, Minnesota. sept 14.

WILLIAM R. McMAHAN, Physician and Surgeon, Office and residence on the corner of Second and Hickory streets, one block back of the Mankato House, where he will be found at all times, except when professionally absent. He will furnish and compound his own medicines. nov 5

MANKATO HOUSE, MANKATO, MINN.

THIS house has been thoroughly renovated, newly painted and papered, with many new improvements, which makes it no less equal as to comfort and convenience to any house in the State.

General Stage Office for all points in the State. Good barn and stabling with attentive ostler. Baggage conveyed to and from steamboats free of charge. Wines, liquors, cigars, etc., constantly on hand.

Farmers will find this house a good place to stop, it being centrally located, plenty of barn room, and charges moderate. B. S. HALL, may 7

White & Marks, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, MANKATO, MINN. Will do a general storage, forwarding and commission business.

JOHN A. WILLARD, NOTARY PUBLIC, Office Front street, opposite the levee, Mankato. July 17

Suspended Pre-emption Entries, E. ST. JULIEN COX, Attorney at Law, Gives prompt attention to cases of suspended pre-emption entries and procuring patents at U. S. Land Office.

ST. PETER, MINNESOTA, Enclose stamp which answer required.

Fairbanks' STANDARD Scales OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, etc. Fairbanks, Greenleaf & Co., 172 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO. Be careful to buy only the genuine. Jed

Select School, MISS LAURA MAXFIELD

WILL open a school, (teaching the branches usually taught in common schools, in Bachelor's Hall, lower town, on the first Monday of May. Tuition, \$2 00 per term of twelve weeks.

Cabinet Furniture Rooms!

J. C. Haupt & Jakobshagen, Bergholtz Block, opposite the Clifton House, MANKATO, MINNESOTA. We are prepared to manufacture to order Cabinet Ware of every variety of style, in part such as Book Cases, Counting-House Desks, etc.

Clifton House, MANKATO, MINNESOTA

The proprietor would announce to the traveling public that his house is now completed and furnished throughout in the best style, and he is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage.

Attached to the premises are first class stables capable of accommodating sixty horses. The proprietor is determined that the Clifton shall not be surpassed by any house in the State. M. T. C. FLOWER, proprietor.

N WOLOBEN, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN AND MANUFACTURER OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Having purchased a large and extensive stock of Boots, Shoes and Leather, I am now prepared to attend to the many wants of my patrons. I respectfully solicit a liberal share of the public patronage, with an assurance that I can sell as low as can be bought in any place in the West.

For the Farmers.

H. P. CHRISTENSEN is agent for Russell & Co.'s Massillon, Ohio, and Pitts' Barolo, N. Y., Threshing Machines, McCormick's and Manny's Reapers and Mowers, Russell & Co.'s GRAIN DRILL,

which machines have all proved themselves the best ever made, and which will be sold at prices and on terms to suit the times. Also, or hand

Fanning Mills, Moine Plows, and a general assortment of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

such as Scythes, Snaths, Forks, Rakes, Hoes, etc. of the above machines may be seen by calling at his store. He is also filling up his store with a well selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, such as Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Groceries of all kinds, Oils, Nails, Glass, etc. H. P. CHRISTENSEN.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

D. H. FYNER, HAVING INCREASED HIS STOCK, is prepared to accommodate his friends and the traveling public with

Horses, Buggies, Carriages

He will pay special attention to business, keep on hire safe hedges, comfortable buggies and carriages, and employ none but careful drivers. Passengers conveyed to all parts of the county or State. Horses kept by the day, week or month. Charges moderate. Stables on Main street, opposite the American House.

New Cabinet Shop. THAYER & BRO.,

Front Street, Mankato, next door to City Hall, RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they are fully prepared to manufacture from the best quality of seasoned lumber all kinds of FINE AND COMMON FURNITURE. Repairing done in good style. Our prices and work are warranted to give satisfaction. Seasoned black walnut lumber taken in exchange for work. Also country produce. THAYER & BRO.

B. KOHLER, Dealer in FROST STREET.

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER, FINDINGS, PLASTER, HAIR ETC.

ALL kinds of fine and coarse wear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children, including fine gaiters, slippers, lacets, boots, shoes, etc. Boots and shoes of all kinds for ladies and gentlemen made to order at low prices and warranted.

All kinds of findings in store which will be sold to the trade very cheap. June 20

EN ROUTE TO SALMON RIVER.

RAFT RIVER, WASHINGTON TERR., Aug. 11th, 1862.

EDITOR OF THE RECORD: When I left Mankato, on the 20th of last May, I promised to write you from time to time, and give the incidents and events of my journey to Salmon River, in this Territory; but since I left Omaha, the 4th of June, I have written nothing for publication, simply because I could not get a communication back to the States when it was possible to write.

Even now, I can write but a few words, but must leave the details for a more convenient season, after my arrival at a stopping place. Previous to our departure from home, we calculated the distance from Mankato to Salmon River, at sixteen hundred miles, and thought the time required to make the trip would be about seventy-five days; but this is the eighty-fourth, and from our most reliable information it is now six hundred miles, requiring at least forty days to complete the journey, with the present state of the roads and grass, and the condition of our animals.

We had hoped to find a road leading from Fort Hall to Salmon River mines in the distance of two hundred miles, and were referred to Maj. Bridger, at the Upper Crossing of Sweet Water River, for full directions. We called upon him, and were told that there was no other practicable wagon road, except via Walla-Walla in Oregon, and that the distance from Fort Hall to Fort Walla-Walla was five hundred miles. We understand the distance from Walla-Walla to the mines to be from one to two hundred miles. We still indulged the hope of finding a shorter road, till we got within ten miles of Fort Hall, we came to a temporary Mormon trading post. They told us the distance by the new road was two hundred and eighty miles—two hundred of good road to Fort Lyuh, an old Mormon Fort, built in 1857 and abandoned in a year or two after, on account of the hostility of the Indians, and from there a poor road or pack trail. We had a ferry across the Lewis Fork or Snake River to accommodate the travel on that road, at the moderate sum of seven dollars per wagon; and manifested a strong desire for us to go that way. Train after train of empty wagons were coming down from that way, drawn by Mormon trains, and as we were told by those returning that they could not get through, and that it was a Mormon game to get our wagons. We concluded to go the "Cape Horn route" via Walla-Walla, or perhaps to stop at Lewiston, eighty miles east of Walla-Walla.

We hear the most discouraging accounts from Salmon River. It will be winter before we can get there, besides the mining country, though being rich, does not cover a space more than ten miles by two. The gentleman who carries this to Salt Lake, left there in July, says he worked twenty men on his claim, and made three ounces to the man per day. He sold for \$2,700 and left; says the gold found is in a hollow or basin, and that the best California miners cannot get the color anywhere else on Salmon river. We shall go and see, but probably visit the Powder River mines on our way, only fifteen miles from our road, which will be on the south side of Snake River.

Our route from the Upper Crossing of Platte to the Pacific Spring was the regular California and Oregon road, but here we turned to the north west on the Lander, (the late Gen. Lander,) cut-off to Fort Hall. I would like to speak of this road, but as my object in the few moments allowed me, was to drop just a line to let you know I still live, and to give you a few Indian news, I will leave that and other matters for the present. After leaving the Platte River we heard many reports of Indian outrages ahead of us, and were told that it would be impossible for us to travel the Lander road on account of them. We came on and found the reports much exaggerated, though, the stock from the mail stations had been driven off on the Sweet Water river and we saw several new graves of emigrants killed by them. Still we saw no Indians all the way up the Sweet Water, nor on Landers road, till within fifteen or twenty miles of Fort Hall—not one, and we began to be careless about the matter; though we were in a longer train commanded by Capt. Bridger of Ripon, Wis., and kept up a strong guard every night. We still apprehended no trouble till near

camping time on last Saturday afternoon, the 9th inst. One of our party who had gone ahead of the train, came riding back at full speed, and said the Indians had attacked a train of 12 wagons, killing some of the people, and driving off all the stock, except one horse, and robbing the wagons of all the provisions, and that they were anxious for our train to go forward and camp with them. An advance and rear guard was placed to our train, and we hurried forward till dark, passing the battlefield, marked with blood and strewn with all kinds of provisions, bedding, wearing apparel, &c. Night came on, and we were obliged to go into camp for the night, without learning anything further of the affair. By daylight on the morning of the 10th, our train was in motion, which brought us to their camp in about three miles. We found there had been an attack made (at first with arrows, but continued with rifles) upon two trains simultaneously, about two miles apart. The trains were in motion—one of 12, and the other of 8 wagons. The small train was from Iowa City, and commanded by Capt. A. J. Hunter. This train lost Capt. Hunter killed, and a gentleman from New York City by the name of C. Bullwinkle. (We had some cards of old date, showing a former address to have been 374 Sixth Avenue.) The other train had one man killed, Massimo Lippi, an Italian by birth, from St. Paul, Minn.—This man had two partners from the same place, F. Robert and Giovanni Bonventti; the latter of whom was slightly wounded in several places, but Robert escaped without a scratch. They started with D. W. C. Dunwell and party from West St. Paul, but parted company with them about one hundred miles below Fort Laramie. They had one mule shot and the other two taken off. They also lost all their bedding, wearing apparel, and provisions, except some two or three hundred pounds of flour and bacon. There were five wounded—one of them a lady. When we got to the camp, there were two other large trains with the sufferers, Capt. Kennedy, with thirty-six wagons, and another from Iowa, called the Newbern colony, with forty. We helped bury the dead, and then a party of some forty men was found to go in pursuit if possible recover the stock. Soon after noon a courier came back with the intelligence that they had had a fight on the bluffs, some four miles from the road, and had been beaten back with a loss of several killed and others wounded. Roosevelt and Kegerreis went to the war, and your humble correspondent remained in the "Home Guard." The result of this day was two killed and recovered, and three missing, undoubtedly killed, which we were forced to leave. Capt. Kennedy is thought to be mortally wounded. The Indians (the Snakes) were in large force, and it was not considered prudent for us to stay longer in that camp, though we number now nearly two hundred wagons. I judge we are now forty-five miles from Fort Hall, and this happened some fifteen miles from here, towards the Fort. The whole fight sums up five killed, two missing, eleven wounded—one mortally. There were something like 100 oxen, two mules and four horses lost. The Iowa City train had mules and horses but saved all except Roberts. The names of the killed yesterday were Geo. W. Adams and Geo. Lesper, of Iowa. The missing were named William Mats Thos., Noonan. The wounded were Capt. Kennedy, Miss Elizabeth Adams, Jas. Crawford, Thos J. Adams, Thos. Bradford, John Walker, A. J. Cassidy, E. O. Sullivan, John Miller, John Patterson, and Ephraim Taylor, all of Iowa. The party who carries this were on their way to the States, but returned with our party, and will go up this river, via Salt Lake. As they are about to start I must close. W. H. S.

A FORCED CONTRIBUTION.—We understand that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington has decided that printing offices are subject to a tax of \$10 each as "manufactories of newspapers." We should not be surprised to hear that the same learned individual has classed every married couple in the country, blessed with offspring, under the same heading and subject to the same tax.

Persons who have not paid their personal tax for last year are notified to call at the captain's office and settle.

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THE SIOUX WAR.

EXPEDITION TO LAKE SIBETEK.

The expedition sent out to bury the dead at Lake Sbetek, returned on Tuesday evening. From Mr. C. D. Hatch who accompanied the expedition, we have learned the following:

The detachment consisted of thirty men, under command of Lieut. Foag, of company F, 25th Wisconsin. The first day out from New-Ulm, they stopped at Leavenworth. Found the settlement deserted, excepting one family. The furniture and clothing were generally removed from the houses, or destroyed. A few soldiers went to visit a family residing there, who, mistaking them for Indians, fled to New-Ulm, where they reported that the Indians had attacked them, and plundered and destroyed their property. The soldier wrote their names on the door of the house and explained the object of their visit.

The expedition camped ten miles beyond, at the farm of two bachelor brothers named Burns, who had remained at home, unmolested, during the most of the excitement. They said they had killed an Indian, about three weeks before, on the upper Cottonwood.

Next night, about nine o'clock, they arrived at Lake Sbetek, and stopped at Mr. Wright's house, where they found plenty of hay and grain. Next morning started for the battleground, where they found the skeletons of nine persons—Mrs. Everett, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Treland and two children, Mr. Eastlick and boy; and two of Mr. Duly's boys.

Nothing remained of the bodies but the skeletons, and the persons were identified by the size of their forms and teeth. A prairie fire had burned the grass around, and also a portion of the clothing of the murdered persons. A wallet with \$17 was found in Mr. Everett's pocket. The remains of the above persons were buried the first day, and scouts sent out in search of Indians, but none found. A half-breed named Joe and a Frenchman named Pete, had lived near the Lake, and the scouts went to their house, but they were absent, having left about a fortnight previous. Joe was in the battles against the whites, and was wounded in the breast. The friendly Indians at Sibley's camp say that after the massacre at the Lake, Joe returned home and remained a number of weeks. While there he found a son of Mr. Eastlick, badly wounded, who had lived in the chamber of Mr. Smith's house for four weeks, with nothing to eat but some cheese found in the house.

The next day the expedition went to the head of the Lake, to bury the dead there. They found Mr Cook's remains back of his house. Something had separated the skeleton at the hips, and the lower part had been dragged about a rod from the other portion. While interring the remains, some privates of the Third Minnesota, in search of vegetables, came up, and reported that 450 of that regiment had arrived at the head of the Lake. The body of Mr. Foag was found at his front door, about one mile from Mr. Cook's residence.

No traces were found of Mr Everett's two children, supposed to have been killed; and it is now the impression that they are now prisoners with the Indians.

The Third regiment was well mounted, under command of Lieut. Swann. About 500 remained at the Lake, and about 200 more were sent west in the direction of Skunk Lake, with six days' rations, in search of White-Cloud's band, supposed to be at that point.

They had no specific instructions, but were told to do as they pleased; and our word for it, if they encounter White Cloud and his red demons, they will take no prisoners.

Messrs Wright and Duly, whose wives are captives in White Cloud's band, accompanied the Third Regiment. Lieut. Swan's command is ordered to report at New-Ulm on Saturday.

**SIBLEY COMING.**  
On Tuesday afternoon Lieut. Geo. A. McLeod, of Gen. Sibley's staff, arrived here, bringing positive intelligence that the forces under command of that officer were ordered to move to this place. Lieut. McLeod and the officers of this department have selected a camping ground, near Sibley's mound, at the mouth of the Blue Earth—a suitable and appropriate place. Col. Montgomery has ordered the erection of suitable quarters and is busy making all necessary arrangements for the accommodation of Gen. Sibley and his large force.

On Wednesday morning, about twenty-five or thirty teams were sent to meet Gen. Sibley, to assist in transporting his camp equipage, provisions, etc.

We learn that the military commission has completed the trials of the Indian prisoners, and only one has been acquitted. The guilty number about 400.

**GEN. SIBLEY.**  
The force and prisoners under Gen. Sibley are now en route for this place, and are expected to arrive on Monday next. Our understanding is, that offensive operations against the Indians are closed for this fall, and that a portion of the troops will go into winter quarters—two regiments being ordered south.

Considering the many and serious disadvantages under which Gen. Sibley has labored—a deficiency of arms and ammunition, scarcity of provisions, and the total absence of cavalry at a time when he could have successfully pursued and captured Little Crow and his followers—the expedition has been successful beyond the most sanguine anticipations. Upwards of three hundred white captives in the hands of the Indians at the commencement of the war—ill, or nearly all have been retaken and returned to their friends. Much private property has been secured; and some fifteen hundred Indians, engaged directly or indirectly in the massacres, have been captured, and those who have actually stained their hands in the blood of our frontier settlers, are condemned to suffer death. Their sentence will be carried into execution, unless countermanded by authorities at Washington.

Gen. Sibley, at the onset, marked at his plan of campaign, and though censured by an impatient people and press, he did not swerve from his course confident that the result would vindicate the wisdom of his policy. Every passionate man must admit that vents have fully justified his expectations, and that no other policy, under existing circumstances, could have been equally successful.

In his campaign against the Sioux, Gen. Sibley has demonstrated more an ordinary military ability, and which has won for him the confidence and respect of both officers and men under his command. He alone deserves praise for the success of the expedition, and we but speak the sentiments of a gratified people, when we express a wish that he may continue in the vice to conduct the offensive operations against the hordes of hostile savages, gathering on our western prairies, assailing with renewed fury in the spring, our frontier posts and settlements.

**BOARD OF AUDITORS.**—The board to lit claims against the State, arising of the Indian war, will meet in Mankato, the 26th day of November.

**ARMY WAGONS.**—A portion of the

Result of Election.				
BLUE EARTH COUNTY.				
Congress		Legislative		
D. R.	Dem.	Winn.	Repub.	Know.
Chatfield	Windom	Butters	Winn	Repub.
Mankato	229 130	209 248 215	120 116 116	116
Lima	84 10	53 85 34	8 9 10	10
South Bend	16 54	15 27 15	29 50 51	51
Garden City	89 51	34 42 47	47 49 44	44
Ceresco	12 2	12 15 12	2 3 2	2
Vernon	15 32	14 16 14	28 25 27	27
Judson	5 20	5 00 5	00 00 00	00
Butternut V.	9 21	8 18 8	20 22 18	18
Mapleton	11 27	10 10 10	27 27 27	27
Sterling	6 45	6 8 5	42 43 45	45
Danville	23 17	23 23 23	17 17 17	17
Le Ray	11 20	11 11 11	20 20 20	20
Jamestown	23 8	23 23 23	8 8 8	8
Shelbyville	08 28	08 00 00	00 00 00	00

The Republican county nominees—Chapman, for County Auditor; Pitcher, County Attorney; and Paddock, Court Commissioner—are elected without opposition.

Michael Hunt, Dem., is elected county commissioner in the first district, without opposition.

**LE SUEUR COUNTY.**  
We have the following returns from Washington township, Le Sueur county: Chatfield, 30; Windom, 1. Porter and Wiswell, 30 each; Butters, 29. No votes were cast for the Republican legislative nominees.

Later advices give Chatfield a majority of 300.

**WATOWAN COUNTY.**  
The only votes cast in this county were at Madelia. Windom received 19, Chatfield 5.

**FARIBAULT COUNTY.**  
We have nothing reliable from this county. It is rumored that Windom's majority is about 200.

**SCOTT COUNTY.**  
Nine towns have been heard from and give Chatfield a majority of over 350. Three towns yet to hear from will increase it to over 400. So much for Chatfield's own county.

**STEELE**  
Has given 280 majority for Windom.

**WASCECA.**  
Wilton gives Windom 16 majority and Jamesville 4; vote light, and in some towns no election was held.

**WICKE.**  
Faribault gives Windom 17 majority, and the county about 200. Republican legislative ticket elected.

**WINONA.**  
Chatfield's majority in the city is 16, and Windom carries the county by 250.

**NICOLLET.**  
Gives Chatfield 50 majority, and elects two Democrats to the Legislature gain SIBLEY

**RAMSEY COUNTY.**  
Cullen receives 357 majority in St. Paul and about 550 in Ramsey county. Three Democrats are elected to the Legislature, and the whole county ticket.

**WASHINGTON.**  
Vote light, and about 180 for Donnelly. Republican legislative ticket elected.

**MANOMIN.**  
This little county gives Cullen 23 majority.

**WRIGHT.**  
Gives Donnelly 180 majority.

**ANOKA.**  
About 150 for Donnelly.

**STEARNS.**  
Gives Cullen about 300 majority.

**GOODHUE.**  
Red Wing 110 for Donnelly, and the county 500. Republican legislative ticket elected.

**CARVER.**  
Casts a small vote, and but a small majority either way.

**RECAPITULATION.**  
From the partial returns already received, we conclude that Windom and Donnelly are elected, though the Republican majority in the State is largely reduced. The Democrats gain several members of the Legislature.

**THANKSGIVING.**—Gov. Ramsey has appointed Thursday, the 27th day of No-

**STATE ELECTIONS.**

**NEW YORK.**  
We have but few returns from New York, but the Democrats claim Seymour's election by 15,000.

**NEW JERSEY.**  
Is strongly Democratic, and elects a majority of Democratic Congressmen.

**MICHIGAN.**  
Is reported Republican by 5,000. The Democrats, however, will elect one or more members of Congress.

**MASSACHUSETTS.**  
Gov. Andrew has been re-elected by 30,000.

**WISCONSIN.**  
Brown, Dem., beats Potter, Rep., in Milwaukee district; and Eldridge, Dem., and Sloan and Hanchett, Reps., are reported elected.

The following is the vote on Congressmen in four companies of the 25th Wisconsin, stationed in this vicinity:

Stoddard Hanchett Sloan		
Company A.	6	54
" B.	62	1
" C.	5	53
" D.	28	53

**The Election.**  
In this county, on Tuesday last, the vote polled was unusually light, owing principally to the fact that a large portion of our population has been driven out of the State by the Indian massacres on our borders. In most of the towns, many voters also neglected to go to the polls, but for which fact the Democratic ticket would have received a majority in the county. In the towns of Butternut, Danville and Watowan about one-third the Democratic vote failed to turn out, though accessions from the Republican ranks have more than supplied the deficiency.

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**COUNTY AFFAIRS.**

The following is a synopsis of the doings of the county commissioners at their recent session:

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The St. Paul Press is much vexed at the result of the election in that city, and displays an unusual amount of temper.

**Saint Balcombe's Letter.**

The "saintly" Agent of the Winnebagoes, writhing under the scathing strictures of Judge Chatfield's letter and the truthful exposure of his numerous and stupendous frauds upon the Indians and Government, as published in the Record, consumes two and a half columns of the last Independent in personal abuse of the Judge and of our humble self. No defense against the charges preferred is attempted, but like every guilty criminal, conscious of his deserts yet determined to make a last and bold attempt to stay public judgment, and relying upon his brazen-faced impudence to carry him through, he enters the plea of "Not Guilty" to each and every count of the indictment by which he is arraigned. But the people, like an honest judge, cannot be gulled in this manner, and are not likely to take the simple denial of a guilty and interested party, when it comes in conflict with the positive and overwhelming testimony of responsible and disinterested witnesses, seeking to promote only the public good in bringing the guilty to merited punishment.

There is but one point of the letter which we shall notice to expose the fallacy of the entire production, and that is the "saint's" disingenuous attempt to explain the stealing of more than half the annuity goods for 1862. He says, in substance, that only a portion of the goods have been received, and that the remainder are yet to be received, thus endeavoring to create the impression that the contractor for transporting the goods has not delivered them all at the agency. Now, the truth of the matter is, that the whole of the annuity goods reached St. Paul as early as June—which is the case every year—and if there was an honest intention to deliver them all at the Agency, they would have been brought to this place, while the Minnesota river was in a navigable condition. Then they could have been brought here for twenty cents per hundred, whereas to transport them the same distance now would cost \$1 50 per hundred. There is ample storage accommodation at the Winnebago Agency; and we therefore fail to see the advantage to the Government, to the Indians, to the Agent, or to the contractor, in keeping the goods in St. Paul until the present time, paying exorbitant storage rates and at least \$1 25 per hundred more for transportation, unless there is a combination to defraud the Indians of a greater portion of them. In that case St. Paul is the best market for the sale of the stolen goods, and we can understand why they were kept there.

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600 yds scarlet cloth.	330 yds scarlet cloth.
18,568 yds calico.	6,972 yds calico.
2,750 yds plaid linsey.	None
5,188 yds unbleached shirting.	2,058 yds unbleached shirting.
2,860 yds flannels, assorted.	None.
4 dozen plaid wool shirts.	None.
3 dozen extra blanket shawls.	None.
72 lbs linen thread.	None.

But it is not our intention to enter into a lengthy notice of the Agent or his epistolary production. He appealed the issue to the people, and notwithstanding his lavish expenditure of money perjured from the poor, ignorant savages under his charge, the verdict is overwhelmingly against him. The people of Blue Earth have spoken in an unmistakable manner; and if there is one spark of honesty or humanity in Balcombe's elongated carcass, he cannot but heed the rebuke. We leave him to his own conscience, and if it is less elastic than India rubber, he will hide his head for shame at the remembrance of his past misdeeds, and until he can and does render even partial reparation therefore, will exclude himself for all time to come from the presence of honest men.

**JAMESTOWN.**—This sterling Democratic precinct, has rolled up a handsome majority this year, and which rejoices the heart of patriots in this county. "Twenty majority for Jamestown," exceeds our most sanguine expectations.

**WOOD.**—We are very much in need of cord wood, and as a large amount is due us for subscription, we hope those who have promised to pay their subscriptions in that article, will do so at once.

**VERY INFLUENTIAL.**—Judging from the result of the election in Ramsey county, the three daily papers in St.

Cloud and his red demons, they will take no prisoners.

Messrs Wright and Duly, whose wives are captives in White Cloud's band, accompanied the Third Regiment. Lieut. Swan's command is ordered to report at New-Ulm on Saturday.

**SIBLEY COMING.**  
On Tuesday afternoon Lieut. Geo. A. McLeod, of Gen. Sibley's staff, arrived here, bringing positive intelligence that the forces under command of that officer were ordered to move to this place. Lieut. McLeod and the officers of this department have selected a camping ground, near Sibley's mound, at the mouth of the Blue Earth—a suitable and appropriate place. Col. Montgomery has ordered the erection of suitable quarters and is busy making all necessary arrangements for the accommodation of Gen. Sibley and his large force.

On Wednesday morning, about twenty-five or thirty teams were sent to meet Gen. Sibley, to assist in transporting his camp equipment, provisions, etc.

We learn that the military commission has completed the trials of the Indian prisoners, and only one has been acquitted. The guilty number about 400.

**GEN. SIBLEY.**  
The force and prisoners under Gen. Sibley are now en route for this place, and are expected to arrive on Monday next. Our understanding is, that offensive operations against the Indians are closed for this fall, and that a portion of the troops will go into winter quarters—two regiments being ordered south.

Considering the many and serious disadvantages under which Gen. Sibley has labored—a deficiency of arms and ammunition, scarcity of provisions, and the total absence of cavalry at a time when he could have successfully pursued and captured Little Crow and his followers—the expedition has been successful beyond the most sanguine anticipations. Upwards of three hundred white captives in the hands of the Indians at the commencement of the war—all, or nearly all have been retaken and returned to their friends. Much private property has been secured; and some fifteen hundred Indians, engaged directly or indirectly in the massacres, have been captured, and those who have actually stained their hands in the blood of our frontier settlers, are condemned to suffer death. Their sentence will be carried into execution, unless countermanded by authorities at Washington.

Gen. Sibley, at the onset, marked out his plan of campaign, and though ensured by an impatient people and yes, he did not swerve from his course confident that the result would vindicate the wisdom of his policy. Every impassioned man must admit that vents have fully justified his expectations, and that no other policy, under existing circumstances, could have been equally successful.

In his campaign against the Sioux, Gen. Sibley has demonstrated more an ordinary military ability, and which has won for him the confidence and respect of both officers and men under his command. He alone deserves the praise for the success of the expedition, and we but speak the sentiments of a gratified people, when we express a wish that he may continue in the service to conduct the offensive operations against the hordes of hostile savages, gathering on our western prairies, assailing with renewed fury in the spring, our frontier posts and settlements.

**BOARD OF AUDITORS.**—The board to lit claims against the State, arising of the Indian war, will meet in Mankato, the 26th day of November.

**ARMY WAGONS.**—A portion of the army wagons lately shipped up from St. Louis, have been sent back again.

	Dem.	Repub.	Knowl.	Protem.	Conserv.
Mankato	220	120	209	248	215
Lima	84	10	63	85	34
South Bend	16	54	15	27	15
Garden City	39	51	34	42	47
Ceresco	12	13	15	12	2
Vernon	15	32	14	16	14
Judson	5	20	5	00	5
Butternut	9	27	8	18	8
Mapleton	11	21	10	10	10
Sterling	6	45	6	8	5
Danville	23	17	23	23	17
Le Ray	11	20	11	11	20
Jamestown	23	8	23	23	8
Shalbyville	08	26	00	00	00

The Republican county nominees—Chapman, for County Auditor; Pitcher, County Attorney; and Paddock, Court Commissioner—are elected without opposition.

Michael Hunt, Dem., is elected county commissioner in the first district, without opposition.

**LE SUEUR COUNTY.**  
We have the following returns from Washington township, Le Sueur county: Chatfield, 80; Windom, 1. Porter and Wiswell, 30 each; Butters, 29. No votes were cast for the Republican legislative nominees.

Later advices give Chatfield a majority of 300.

**WATONWAN COUNTY.**  
The only votes cast in this county were at Madelia. Windom received 19, Chatfield 5.

**FARIBAULT COUNTY.**  
We have nothing reliable from this county. It is rumored that Windom's majority is about 200.

**SCOTT COUNTY.**  
Nine towns have been heard from and give Chatfield a majority of over 350. Three towns yet to hear from will increase it to over 400. So much for Chatfield's own county.

**STEELE.**  
Has given 280 majority for Windom.

**WASCECA.**  
Wilton gives Windom 16 majority and Janesville 4; vote light, and in some towns no election was held.

**WISCONSIN.**  
Fairbault gives Windom 17 majority, and the county about 200. Republican legislative ticket elected.

**WINONA.**  
Chatfield's majority in the city is 16, and Windom carries the county by 250.

**NICOLLET.**  
Gives Chatfield 50 majority, and elects two Democrats to the Legislature gain

**SIBLEY.**  
Has given Chatfield about 300.

**RAMSEY COUNTY.**  
Cullen receives 367 majority in St. Paul and about 550 in Ramsey county. Three Democrats are elected to the Legislature, and the whole county ticket.

**WASHINGTON.**  
Vote light, and about 180 for Donnelly. Republican legislative ticket elected.

**MANOMIN.**  
This little county gives Cullen 23 majority.

**WRIGHT.**  
Gives Donnelly 180 majority.

**ANOKA.**  
About 150 for Donnelly.

**STEARNS.**  
Gives Cullen about 300 majority.

**GOODHUE.**  
Red Wing 110 for Donnelly, and the county 500. Republican legislative ticket elected.

**CANVER.**  
Casts a small vote, and but a small majority either way.

**RECAPITULATION.**  
From the partial returns already received, we conclude that Windom and Donnelly are elected, though the Republican majority in the State is largely reduced. The Democrats gain several members of the Legislature.

**THANKSGIVING.**—Gov. Ramsey has appointed Thursday, the 27th day of November, as a day of thanksgiving to Almighty God.

We have but few returns from New York, but the Democrats claim Seymour's election by 15,000.

**NEW JERSEY.**  
Is strongly Democratic, and elects a majority of Democratic Congressmen.

**MICHIGAN.**  
Is reported Republican by 5,000. The Democrats, however, will elect one or more members of Congress.

**MASSACHUSETTS.**  
Gov Andrew has been reelected by 30,000.

**WISCONSIN.**  
Brown, Dem., beats Potter, Rep., in Milwaukee district; and Eldridge, Dem., and Sloan and Hanchett, Reps., are reported elected.

The following is the vote on Congressmen in four companies of the 25th Wisconsin, stationed in this vicinity:

	Stoddard	Hanchett	Sloan
Company A	5	64	
" B	62	1	
" C	53	5	
" D	28	53	

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